=> d 1-5 ti

- L7 ANSWER 1 OF 5 AGRICOLA
- ΤI Production of recombinant proteins in tobacco guttation fluid.
- L7 ANSWER 2 OF 5 AGRICOLA
- Genetic ablation of root cap cells in Arabidopsis. TI
- ANSWER 3 OF 5 AGRICOLA L7
- CUT1, an Arabidopsis gene required for cuticular wax biosynthesis and ΤI pollen fertility, encodes a very-long-chain fatty acid condensing enzyme.
- ANSWER 4 OF 5 AGRICOLA 1.7
- Use of plant roots for phytoremediation and molecular farming. TI
- ANSWER 5 OF 5 AGRICOLA 1.7
- Fungal pathogens secrete an inhibitor protein that distinguishes TТ isoforms of plant pathogenesis-related endo-beta-1,3-glucanases.

=> d so

- ANSWER 1 OF 5 AGRICOLA L7
- Plant physiology, Nov 2000. Vol. 124, No. 3. p. 927-933 SO Publisher: Rockville, MD: American Society of Plant Physiologists, 1926-CODEN: PLPHAY; ISSN: 0032-0889

=> logoff y COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 9.42 9.63

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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NEWS 4 Apr 09 ZDB will be removed from STN

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NEWS 7 NEWS 8 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER

Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available

NEWS 9 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available

MEDLINE Reload NEWS 10 Jun 10

NEWS 11 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded

NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment

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NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
                 saved answer sets no longer valid
                 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 14 Jul 29
         Jul 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS 15
                CANCERLIT reload
        Aug 08
NEWS 16
                 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 17
         Aug 08
         Aug 08 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 18
                 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
NEWS 19
         Aug 19
                 now available on STN
                 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded
NEWS 20
         Aug 19
                 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS 21
         Aug 19
NEWS 22
                 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
         Aug 26
                 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 23
         Sep 03
                 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS 24
         Sep 16
                 Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 25 Sep 16
                 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 26 Sep 16
NEWS 27 Oct 01
                 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 28 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded
NEWS 29 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 30 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS 31 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
NEWS 32 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS 33 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS 34 Dec 02 TIBKAT will be removed from STN
NEWS 35 Dec 04 CSA files on STN
NEWS 36 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
                 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS 37 Dec 17
NEWS 38 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS 39 Dec 30 ISMEC no longer available
NEWS EXPRESS October 14 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01,
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:06:12 ON 30 DEC 2002

=> file agricola caplus biosis COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 09:06:59 ON 30 DEC 2002

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FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 09:06:59 ON 30 DEC 2002
COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)
=> s booster and agrobacter?
            5 BOOSTER AND AGROBACTER?
=> dup rem 12
L2 IS NOT VALID HERE
The L-number entered has not been defined in this session, or it
has been deleted. To see the L-numbers currently defined in this
session, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).
=> dup rem 11
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1
             3 DUP REM L1 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L2
=> d 1-3 ti
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L2
     Methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with
TI
     Agrobacterium tumefaciens
     ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L2
     Expression of cholera toxin B subunit in transgenic plants and efficacy
тT
     thereof in oral vaccines
                                                       DUPLICATE 1
     ANSWER 3 OF 3 AGRICOLA
L2
     Detection and enumeration of bacteria in soil by direct DNA extraction and
TI
     polymerase chain reaction.
=> d ti
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L_2
     Methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with
     Agrobacterium tumefaciens
=> d so
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L_2
     PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
=> d pi
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                          -----
      _____
     WO 9919497 A1 19990422 WO 1997-IL328 19971010
PΙ
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             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR,
             KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
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             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                          AU 1997-45703
                                                          19971010
                     A1 19990503
     AU 9745703
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WO 1998-IL487 19981008
                      AA 19990422
     CA 2312008
                     A1 19990422
     WO 9919498
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       TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
   RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
       FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
       CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               AU 1998-94572
                                                     19981008
                A1 19990503
                    20000726
                                   EP 1998-947760 19981008
EP 1021552
                 A1
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       IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
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=> d 2 ab

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

It is an object of the invention to provide immunomodulatory transmucosal carrier mols., such as cholera toxin B subunit protein (CTB), in food plants in order to improve the efficacy of microbial antigens expressed in said plants. It is desired to express CTB in plant tissues and to assess the efficacy of such plant material as an edible vaccine, either against cholera itself or as a carrier for another microbial antigen. A plant expression vector is provided that has the CTB gene fused to an endoplasmic reticulum retention signal (SEKDEL) adjacent to the mannopine synthase P2 promoter and has a bacterial luciferase reporter gene (lux F) linked to a P1 promoter. Mice orally immunized with transgenic potato showed induction of both serum and intestinal CTB-specific antibodies, and although mucosal antibody titers declined gradually after the last immunization, they were restored following an oral booster of said potato.

=> s 13 and plant? L4 25 L3 AND PLANT?

=> dup rem 14
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4
L5 19 DUP REM L4 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-10 ti

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1
 TI Expression in plants and immunogenicity of plant
 virus-based experimental rabies vaccine
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- Method for enhancing **plant** resistance to pathogens using **booster** sequence from potyvirus which encodes P1/HC-Pro polyprotein
- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Targeted removal of attP-flanked selectable marker gene from a transgenic plant by inducing intrachromosomal homologous recombination
- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Oral immunology using **plant** product containing a non-enteric pathogen antigen
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Oral immunology using **plant** product containing hepatitis surface antigen

- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 19 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI Optimised method for the treatment and energetic upgrading of urban and industrial sludge purifying plants.
- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Methods for the genetic **transformation** of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens
- L5 ANSWER 8 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Expression of cholera toxin B subunit in transgenic plants and efficacy thereof in oral vaccines
- L5 ANSWER 9 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- Potyvirus booster sequence and helper component proteinase for enhancing expression of a foreign or endogenous gene product in plants
- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 2
- TI Efficacy of a food plant-based oral cholera toxin B subunit vaccine
- => d 11-19 ti
- L5 ANSWER 11 OF 19 AGRICOLA

DUPLICATE 3

- TI The transformation booster sequence from Petunia hybrida is a retrotransposon derivative that binds to the nuclear scaffold.
- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 19 AGRICOLA

DUPLICATE 4

- Molecular analysis of transgenic plants generated by microprojectile bombardment: effect of petunia transformation booster sequence.
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Comparison of homologous recombination frequencies in somatic cells of petunia and tobacco suggest two distinct recombination pathways
- L5 ANSWER 14 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Molecular analysis of transgenic plants derived from transformations of protoplasts at various stages of the cell cycle
- L5 ANSWER 15 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Utilization of C4's and C5's of ethylene plants and FCC units through transformation to octane boosters for unleaded gasoline
- L5 ANSWER 16 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI A genomic DNA segment from Petunia hybrida leads to increased transformation frequencies and simple integration patterns
- L5 ANSWER 17 OF 19 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI CELLULAR AND HUMORAL IMMUNITY IN PARKINSONISM.
- L5 ANSWER 18 OF 19 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI THE ROLE OF MEMBRANE ASSOCIATION OF ANTIGENS IN INDUCTION OF CELL MEDIATED IMMUNITY TO VIRUSES.
- L5 ANSWER 19 OF 19 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI IMMUNOLOGIC STUDIES IN PHENYL KETONURIA.

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NEWS 33 Nov 25

NEWS 34 Dec 02

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                BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
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NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
                saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS 14 Jul 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 15 Jul 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
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NEWS 17 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 18 Aug 08 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 19 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
                now available on STN
NEWS 20 Aug 19
                IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded
                The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS 21 Aug 19
NEWS 22 Aug 26
                Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS 23 Sep 03
                JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 24 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS 25 Sep 16
                Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 26 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 27 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 28 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded
NEWS 29 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 30 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS 31 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
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NEWS 38 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN

NEWS 39 Dec 30 ISMEC no longer available

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CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),

AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002

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=> s feeder layer and agrobacter?
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index. Enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of
commands which can be used in this file.

=> file agricola caplus biosis
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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=> dup rem l1

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L2 5 DUP REM L1 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-5 ti

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 5 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 1

- TI Factors affecting **Agrobacterium** tumefaciens-mediated transformation of peppermint.
- L2 ANSWER 2 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI Factors affecting **Agrobacterium** tumefaciens-mediated transformation of peppermint.

- L2 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 2
- TI Factors influencing Agrobacterium tumefaciens mediated transformation and expression of kanamycin resistance in pickling cucumber
- L2 ANSWER 4 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI GENETIC TRANSFORMATION OF POTATO SOLANUM-TUBEROSUM AN EFFICIENT METHOD TO OBTAIN TRANSGENIC PLANTS.
- L2 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Genetic transformation of potato (Solanum tuberosum): an efficient method to obtain transgenic plants
- => d 5 so
- L2 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- SO Plant Science (Shannon, Ireland) (1988), 59(2), 175-81 CODEN: PLSCE4; ISSN: 0168-9452
- => d 5 ab
- L2 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AB A quick procedure for efficient transformation of potato (cv. Desiree) is reported. Leaf disks were inoculated with Agrobacterium tumefaciens harboring a Ti plasmid-derived binary vector. Transformed shoots carrying the neomycin phosphotransferase gene were regenerating within 4 wk using a feeder layer technique on selective medium contg. kanamycin. Numerous transgenic plants appeared phenotypically normal and expressed the NPT II gene. Apparently, culture conditions are fundamental to maximize transformation efficiency.
- => s tomato and feeder
- L3 27 TOMATO AND FEEDER
- => s 13 and agrobacter?
- L4 12 L3 AND AGROBACTER?
- => dup rem 14
- PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4
- L5 6 DUP REM L4 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
- => d 1-6 ti
- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 6 AGRICOLA
- TI Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of citrange: factors affecting transformation and regeneration.
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1
- TI Transformation and foreign gene expression with plant species
- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 6 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 2
- TI Re-evaluation of conditions for plant regeneration and Agrobacterium-mediated transformation from tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum).
- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 6 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 3
- TI Factors influencing transformation frequency of tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum).
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Method and plasmid for high-efficiency transformation of and foreign gene expression in plants

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 4
TI Agrobacterium-transformed tomato cells replace the
hormone requirement for growth of tomato leaf protoplasts

=> d 5 ab

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Method and plasmid for high-efficiency transformation of plant cells are provided. Plasmid pPMG 85 was constructed contg. the aroA gene fused to mannopine synthase gene promoter and tml terminator, pRiA4T-derived left border T-DNA, and kanamycin-resistance gene. The plasmid was transferred from its Escherichia coli host to Agrobacterium tumefaciens strain 2760-587/85 on MG/L broth in presence of a mobilization plasmid-contg. E. coli. The resultant A. tumefaciens was cocultivated with cotyledon sections obtained from sterile tomato seedlings in feeder plates for 48 h. The cotyledon sections were then transferred to regeneration medium contg. carbenicillin, kanamycin, zeatin, myo-inositol, sucrose, Nitsch vitamins, and agar. About 80% of the regenerated shoots rooted on medium contg. kanamycin 50 mg/mL, >90% of which produced aroA protein (as detd. by western blot anal.).

=> d 5 so

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

=> d 5 pi

L5	ANSWER 5 OF PATENT NO.	6 CAPLUS KIND	COPYRIGHT 2002 DATE	ACS APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		-			
ΡI	EP 249432	A2	19871216	EP 1987-305062	19870609
	EP 249432	A3	19900207		
	R: AT,	BE, CH, DE	, ES, FR, GB, GI	R, IT, LI, LU, NL,	, SE
	AU 8773351	A1	19871217	AU 1987-73351	19870525
	JP 63068088	A2	19880326	JP 1987-142403	19870609
	CN 87104202	Α	19880309	CN 1987-104202	19870610
	CN 87104202	A	19880309	CN 1987-104202	19870610

=> d 4 ab

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 6 AGRICOLA

DUPLICATE 3

We developed an efficient procedure for transformation and regeneration of L. esculentum cv. Moneymaker from cotyledon explants. The effect of two parameters on the transformation frequency was investigated in detail. The use of feeder layers during cocultivation proved to be critical. In addition, it was found that Agrobacterium strains harboring a L.L-succinamopine type helper plasmid yielded significantly higher transformation frequencies than those with octopine or nopaline type helper plasmids. The optimized protocol was used to obtain transformation frequencies averaging 9%. Of the plants produced approximately 80% proved to be diploid, of which 67% contained the transgene(s) on a single locus.

- => s duckweed or lemna or lemnaceae or spirodela or wolffiella L6 7392 DUCKWEED OR LEMNA OR LEMNACEAE OR SPIRODELA OR WOLFFIELLA
- => s 16 and agrobacter?

=> dup rem 17
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7
L8 11 DUP REM L7 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-11 ti

- L8 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Methods for functional analysis of duckweed nucleic acids by high throughput screening
- L8 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Immunoglobulin binding protein arrays in plant cells
- L8 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1
- TI Genetic transformation of **duckweed Lemna** gibba and **Lemna** minor
- L8 ANSWER 4 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI A transient transformation system for duckweed (Wolffia columbiana) using Agrobacterium-mediated gene transfer.
- L8 ANSWER 5 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI Genetically engineered duckweed.
- L8 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens
- L8 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Transformation of duckweed (Lemna) plants with ballistic bombardment, electroporation, or Agrobacterium vectors
- L8 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Simple (bench-top) bioassays and the isolation of new chemically diverse antitumor and pesticidal agents from higher plants
- L8 ANSWER 9 OF 11 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 2
- TI Stable isotope techniques for the analysis of indole auxin metabolism in normal and mutant plants.
- L8 ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Phytochrome regulation of transcription: biochemical and genetic approaches
- L8 ANSWER 11 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI A blind comparison of simple bench-top bioassays and human tumor cell cytotoxicities as antitumor prescreens

=> d ab

- L8 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AB Methods for high-throughput screening in **duckweed** are disclosed. In one aspect, these methods are used to identify nucleotide sequences encoding polypeptides of interest. In another aspect, these methods are used to identify nucleotide sequences that modulate the expression of a target nucleotide sequence. The methods combine the predictive benefits of screening in whole plants with the speed and efficiency of a high throughput system.

=> d so

=> d pi

ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L8 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----WO 2002097433 A1 20021205 WO 2002-US16938 20020530 PΙ W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

=> d 3 so

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1
SO In Vitro Cellular & Developmental Biology: Plant (2001), 37(3), 349-353
CODEN: IVCPEO; ISSN: 1054-5476

=> d 3 ab

ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L8 DUPLICATE 1 AB The authors developed efficient genetic transformation protocols for two species of duckweed, Lemna gibba (G3) and Lemna minor (8627 and 8744), using Agrobacterium -mediated gene transfer. Partially differentiated nodules were co-cultivated with Agrobacterium tumefaciens harboring a binary vector contg. .beta.-glucuronidase and nptII expression cassettes. Transformed cells were selected and allowed to grow into nodules in the presence of kanamycin. Transgenic duckweed fronds were regenerated from selected nodules. The authors demonstrated that transgenic duckweed could be regenerated within 3 mo, after Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of nodules. Furthermore, the authors developed a method for transforming L. minor 8627 in 6 wk. These transformation protocols will facilitate genetic engineering of duckweed, ideal plants for bioremediation and large-scale industrial prodn. of biomass and recombinant proteins.

=> d 3 so

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1
SO In Vitro Cellular & Developmental Biology: Plant (2001), 37(3), 349-353
CODEN: IVCPEO; ISSN: 1054-5476

=> d 3 au

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1
AU Yamamoto, Yuri T.; Rajbhandari, Nirmala; Lin, Xiaohong; Bergmann, Ben A.;
Nishimura, Yufuko; Stomp, Anne-Marie

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

SO Journal of Applied Botany, (August, 2001) Vol. 75, No. 3-4, pp. 107-111. print.

ISSN: 0949-5460.

=> d 4 ab

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

Since duckweed (Lemnaceae family) is a valuable target AB plant for various applications including waste water treatment and food purposes, the expression of homologous or heterologous proteins may offer an extended range of application. Therefore, the feasability of transformation of Wolffia columbiana (Lemnaceae) by Agrobacterium tumefaciens-mediated gene transfer has been elucidated. Several methods were tested to increase the accessibility of the plant cells for the infecting Agrobacterium tumefaciens strain LBA4404, harboring p35SGUSINT : corundum- and gold particle-treatment, vacuum infiltration and disintegration of the fronds. The resulting overall transformation efficiency was higher than without any treatment, reaching an average of 3.9% of all fronds showing GUS staining. Induction of Agrobacterium's vir genes by media conditions as well as the presence of 0.6 M mannitol during infection resulted in a clear increase of transformation efficiency. Max. approx. 30 %, average 15-20 % of fronds showing GUS staining were obtained both with corundum-treated as well as with vacuum infiltrated fronds, but transformation pattern was different. Whereas in the former mainly epidermal and subepidermal cells were transformed, the latter showed, in addition, transformed inner frond cells, including the meristematic region. Disintegration of the fronds, followed by vacuum infiltration, led to whole GUS-stained areas of the frond fragments. The results as such and the observed transformation patterns will serve as a basis for offering good conditions either in the in vivo - or the in-vitro-regeneration of transgenic duckweed fronds.

=> d 4 au

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

AU Boehm, Robert; Kruse, Cordula; Voeste, Dirk; Barth, Stefan; Schnabl, Heide (1)

=> d 5 pi

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

PI US 6040498 March 21, 2000

=> d 6 pi

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ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L8
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
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    WO 9919497 A1 19990422 WO 1997-IL328 19971010
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EP 1998-947760 19981008
                     A1 19990503
    AU 9894572
                         20000726
    EP 1021552
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            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
=> d 7 pi
     ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                                 APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                           _____
                                        WO 1998-US16683 19980811
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    WO 9907210
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                           19990301
                                         AU 1998-87799
                                                          19980811
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                           20010904
                                          JP 2000-506820
                                                          19980811
     JP 2001513325
     ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     Stomp, Anne-Marie; Rajbhandari, Nirmala
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=> d 7 in

L8

ΡI

IN

=> d 8 ab

ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L8 A review with 132 refs. Four simple (bench-top) bioassays are serving AB well for the detection and fractionation monitoring of new plant antitumor and pesticidal agents. These are: (1) lethality to the larvae of brine shrimp (Artemia salina); (2) the inhibition of crown gall tumors, induced by plasmid transfer and expression from Agrobacterium tumefaciens, on disks of potato (Solanum tuberosum) tubers; (3) the inhibition or stimulation of frond proliferation of duckweed (Lemna minor); and (4) lethality to the larvae of yellow fever mosquitoes (Aedes aegyptii). Since 1984, over 320 chem. diverse bioactive plant components have been isolated and characterized in our lab. by using these methods. Recently, bioactive compds. from the Meliaceae, Lauraceae, Euphorbiaceae, Laminaceae, and other plant families have been isolated, but our most exciting leads have been with the potent acetogenins from the Annonaceae; these compds. are powerful inhibitors of mitochondrial electron transport systems and of the NADH oxidase that is prevalent in the plasma membranes of tumorous cells. The consequence is ATP depletion, and this is esp. toxic to multiple drug resistant tumor cells and pesticide resistant insects that possess ATP-dependent xenobiotic efflux

systems. Structural activity relationship studies (in mitochondrial prepns. and against mosquito larvae) help to define the optimum structural features. This paper has presented the chem. and biol. testing results of 207 plant components recently isolated using the simple bioassays described followed by cytotoxicity testing in a panel of six human tumor cell lines.

=> d 9 ab

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 11 AGRICOLA

DUPLICATE 2

=> d 9 so

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 11 AGRICOLA

DUPLICATE 2

SO Current plant science and biotechnology in agriculture, 1992. Vol. 13 p. 859-873

Publisher: Dordrecht : Kluwer Academic Publishers.

ISSN: 0924-1949

=> d 10 ab

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AB Phytochrome-regulated expression of reporter genes attached to Lemna gibba phytochrome-regulated promoters was obsd. after Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of tobacco and biolistic transformation of Lemna fronds. The regulation of gene expression by phytochrome in L. gibba and Arabidopsis is reviewed.

=> s caffeine and agrobacter?

L9 5 CAFFEINE AND AGROBACTER?

=> dup rem 19

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9

L10 5 DUP REM L9 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-5 it

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

IT Major Concepts

Horticulture (Agriculture); Methods and Techniques; Molecular Genetics (Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics)

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

DNA: molecular phylogeny, sequence data

IT Methods & Equipment

Agrobacterium-mediated transformation: gene transfer method

IT Miscellaneous Descriptors

genetic engineering

ORGN Super Taxa

Rhizobiaceae: Gram-Negative Aerobic Rods and Cocci, Eubacteria, Bacteria, Microorganisms; Rubiaceae: Dicotyledones, Angiospermae, Spermatophyta, Plantae

ORGN Organism Name

Agrobacterium (Rhizobiaceae): gene vector; Coffea arabica [coffee] (Rubiaceae); Coffea canephora (Rubiaceae)

ORGN Organism Superterms

Angiosperms; Bacteria; Dicots; Eubacteria; Microorganisms; Plants; Spermatophytes; Vascular Plants

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

IT Gene, microbial

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU

```
(Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
     USES (Uses)
        (GUS; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated
        callus transformation)
IT
    Gene, plant
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU
     (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
    USES (Uses)
        (bar; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated
        callus transformation)
    Plant tissue
TΤ
        (callus; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated
        callus transformation)
     Gene, microbial
TT
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU
     (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
        (hpt; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated
        callus transformation)
IT
     Gene, microbial
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU
     (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
     USES (Uses)
        (nptII; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated
        callus transformation)
    Agrobacterium
IT
       Agrobacterium tumefaciens
     Coffee (Coffea)
     Coffee (Coffea arabica)
     Coffee (Coffea canephora)
     Coffee (Coffea dewevrei)
     Coffee (Coffea liberica)
        (transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated callus
        transformation)
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU
     (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
     USES (Uses)
        (transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated callus
        transformation)
IT
     111069-93-3, Phosphinothricin acetyl transferase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (BAR gene for,; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium
        -mediated callus transformation)
     9001-45-0, .beta.-Glucuronidase
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (GUS gene for; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium
        -mediated callus transformation)
     88361-67-5
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (HPT gene for; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium
        -mediated callus transformation)
                          6379-56-2, Hygromycin
TТ
     1404-04-2, Neomycin
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (gene conferring resistance to; transgenic coffee plants via
        Agrobacterium-mediated callus transformation)
     155215-94-4, Caffeine synthase
TT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (gene for; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium
        -mediated callus transformation)
     53362-84-8, Neomycin phosphotransferase II
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (nptII gene for; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium
        -mediated callus transformation)
IT
     35597-43-4, Bialaphos
```

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (resistance to, BAR gene for; transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated callus transformation) ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS Duckweed (Lemna gibba) (Hurfeish; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Antibiotic resistance Herbicide resistance (Lemnaceae exhibiting; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) (biochems., prodn. by lemnaceae; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Plant tissue (callus, plant regeneration from; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Dicotyledon (Magnoliopsida) Solanaceae Tobacco (cell suspension used in booster medium; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Culture media (enhancement of Agrobacterium virulence with; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Regeneration, plant (from callus; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Metabolism, plant (inhibitors of, use as selecting agents in growth medium; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Plant tissue (meristem, targeted transformation of; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Agrobacterium Duckweed (Lemna) Genetic engineering Lemnaceae Spirodela Transformation, genetic Wolffia (methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Pigments, biological (prodn. by lemnaceae; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Alkaloids, preparation Carbohydrates, preparation Lipids, preparation Proteins, general, preparation Vitamins RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prodn. by lemnaceae; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Spirodela oligorrhiza (strain 8717; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens) Agrobacterium tumefaciens (strains EHA105, EHA101, GVE3103, LBA4404, and C58; methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium

T.10

TT

IT

ΙT

IT

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IT

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ΤТ

TT

IT

tumefaciens)

```
Antibiotics
IT
    Herbicides
        (use as selecting agents in growth medium; methods for the genetic
        transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
    Plant tissue culture
ΙT
        (use in plant regeneration from callus; methods for the genetic
        transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
    Hormones, plant
TT
    Minerals, biological studies
    Organic compounds, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (used in growth medium; methods for the genetic transformation of
        Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
IT
    Filtration
        (vacuum filtration, use in transformation; methods for the genetic
        transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
    Plant tissue
TT
        (wound, targeted transformation of; methods for the genetic
        transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
IT
    77182-82-2, BASTA
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (20, Lemnaceae with resistance to; methods for the genetic
        transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
TТ
     8063-07-8, Kanamycin
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (Lemnaceae with resistance to; methods for the genetic transformation
        of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
     57-50-1, Sucrose, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (less than 1.5% soln. used in growth medium; methods for the genetic
        transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
     58-08-2, Caffeine, biological studies
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (used in booster medium; methods for the genetic transformation of
        Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens)
L10 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    Agrobacterium tumefaciens
IT
    Rhizobium fredii
        (cAMP receptor protein of, purifn. and characterization of)
     Kinetics of dissociation
IT
        (of cAMP from CRP proteins of bacteria)
    Molecular association
TТ
        (of cAMP with CRP protein of bacteria, kinetics of)
    Ribonucleic acid formation factors
TΤ
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (CAP (catabolite gene activator protein), of Agrobacterium
        tumefaciens and Rhizobium fredii, purifn. and characterization of)
    Nucleotides, biological studies
IT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (cyclic, cAMP receptor protein of bacteria inhibition by)
IT
        (divalent, cAMP receptor protein of Agrobacterium tumefaciens
        and Rhizobium fredii regulation by)
IT
     60-92-4
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (CRP proteins of Agrobacterium tumefaciens and Rhizobium
        fredii binding of)
IT
     58-08-2, Caffeine, biological studies
                                             58-55-9, Theophylline,
                          73-24-5D, Adenine, nucleotides
     biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (cAMP receptor protein of bacteria inhibition by)
```

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58-61-7, Adenosine, biological studies 73-24-5, Adenine, biological
IT
      studies
      RL: BIOL (Biological study)
          (cAMP receptor protein of bacteria stimulation by)
     ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L10
      Light, ultraviolet, biological effects
          (damage by mechanisms of Agrobacterium tumifaciens recovery
          from)
      Agrobacterium
IT
          (tumefaciens, reactivation of)
=> ti
TI IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).
<---->
=> d 1-5 ti
L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
      Biotechnological applications for the improvement of coffee (Coffea
      Arabica L.
      ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L10
ΤI
      Transgenic coffee plants via Agrobacterium-mediated callus
      transformation
      ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L10
      Methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with
      Agrobacterium tumefaciens
      ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L10
      Partial purification and characterization of cyclic AMP receptor protein
      from Agrobacterium tumefaciens C58 and Rhizobium fredii 191
      ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
      Ultraviolet repair capabilities of Agrobacterium tumifaciens
=> d 3 pi
L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
      PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                           ----
      WO 9919497 A1 19990422
                                               WO 1997-IL328
                                                                           19971010
           W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, MI, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PΙ
                GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
      AU 9745703
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                                                     WO 1998-IL487
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      WO 9919498
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TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,

FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,

CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

A1 19990503 AU 1998-94572 A1 20000726 EP 1998-947760

EP 1021552 19981008

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

=> d 4 ab

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Purifn. and characterization of cAMP receptor proteins (CRP) from A. tumefaciens and R. fredii are described. Effects of divalent cations, nucleotides, temp., and pH were detd. Caffeine and theophylline inhibited CRP of A. tumefaciens. Kinetics of cAMP assocn. with and dissocn. from CRP were reported. Bacterial physiol. is considered.

=> d 4 so

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Proceedings of the Malaysian Biochemical Society Conference (1989), 14th,

CODEN: PMBCDR; ISSN: 0126-9208

=> d 5 ab

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

A. tumefaciens possessed many of the uv repair mechanisms that are known to occur in Escherichia coli. Pos. results were obtained for photoreactivation, dark reactivation, and host-cell reactivation. Host-cell reactivation of A. tumefaciens was demonstrated by employing a lytic phage. In the presence of caffeine, the survival of virus after uv treatment was much lower than in the controls. Attempts to demonstrate uv reactivation of the virus were neq. It was hypothesized that host-cell reactivation and uv reactivation are accomplished, at least in part, by different enzyme systems.

=> s feeder and transform?

466 FEEDER AND TRANSFORM?

=> s l11 and agrobac?

38 L11 AND AGROBAC?

=> dup rem 112

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L12

L13 21 DUP REM L12 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-10 ti

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 21 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 1

Factors that influence Agrobacterium rhizogenes-mediated transformation of broccoli (Brassica oleracea L. var. italica).

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 21 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 2

Factors affecting Agrobacterium tumefaciens-mediated transformation of peppermint.

- L13 ANSWER 3 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- Factors affecting Agrobacterium tumefaciens-mediated transformation of peppermint.

- L13 ANSWER 4 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 3
- TI Agrobacterium rhizogenes-mediated transformation of broccoli (Brassica oleracea L. var. italica) with an antisense 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid oxidase gene
- L13 ANSWER 5 OF 21 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 4
- TI Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of citrange: factors affecting transformation and regeneration.
- L13 ANSWER 6 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI High plant regeneration, genetic stability of regenerants, and genetic transformation of herbicide resistance gene (Bar) in Chinese cabbage (Brassica campestris ssp. pekinensis)
- L13 ANSWER 7 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Preparation of transgenic plants by infection with Agrobacterium
- L13 ANSWER 8 OF 21 AGRICOLA

DUPLICATE 5

- TI Genetic transformation of lime (Citrus aurantifolia Swing.): factors affecting transformation and regeneration.
- L13 ANSWER 9 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI Factors influencing Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of Brassica rapa L.
- L13 ANSWER 10 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 6
- TI Transformation and foreign gene expression with plant species
- => d 7 so
- L13 ANSWER 7 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

=> d 7 pi

L13 ANSWER 7 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 09252674 A2 19970930 JP 1996-70584 19960326

- => d 10 so
- L13 ANSWER 10 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 6
 SO U.S., 12 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 404, 723, abandoned.
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- => d 10 pi
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- L13 ANSWER 10 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 6

 AB Plant species are produced by cocultivation transformation of cotyledon shoot cultures with a foreign gene followed by regeneration of

plants from transformed cells, thereby producing plants capable of expressing the foreign gene. Particularly, tomato shoot cultures are employed and are transformed employing a manipulated Agrobacterium transformation system, followed by regeneration of the transformed plant tissue into plants. Injured cotyledon tissue as a source of cells for transformation offers several advantages over other tissue sources, such as leaf and stem, including uniformity of tissue and a source of sterile tissue. Cotyledon tissue is preferably preincubated with medium conditioned with a plant (Nicotiana) cell feeder culture. Thus, a binary vector plasmid, pPMG85/87, contg. 3 chimeric genes, was introduced into a binary disarmed strain of A. tumefaciens. Two of the genes code for neomycin phosphotransferase (APH3'II) which confers resistance to the antibiotic kanamycin; one of the genes is spliced to the octopine synthase promoter and the other to the mannopine synthase promoter. The 2 APH3'II genes were engineered into the T-DNA to allow for direct selection of transformed tissue. The third chimeric gene fusion contains a mutant aroA gene isolated from Salmonella typhimurium, which confers tolerance to the herbicide glyphosate, spliced to the mannopine synthase promoter. The rapid and efficient tomato transformation /regeneration system yielded >85% explants on kanamycin selective medium and expressing the aroA protein. Glyphosate spray expts. confirmed that the resulting tomato plants were resistant to 0175 lbs/acre glyphosate.

=> d 11-21 ti

- L13 ANSWER 11 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Hairy root culture for taxol production, using transformed Taxus.
- L13 ANSWER 12 OF 21 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 7
- Re-evaluation of conditions for plant regeneration and Agrobacterium-mediated transformation from tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum).
- L13 ANSWER 13 OF 21 AGRICOLA DUPLICATE 8
- TI Factors influencing transformation frequency of tomato (Lycopersicon esculentum).
- L13 ANSWER 14 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 9
- TI Factors influencing Agrobacterium tumefaciens mediated transformation and expression of kanamycin resistance in pickling cucumber
- L13 ANSWER 15 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 10
- TI Transformation of Brassica napus L. (oilseed rape) using Agrobacterium tumefaciens and Agrobacterium rhizogenes a comparison
- L13 ANSWER 16 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI High efficiency transformation of Brassica napus using Agrobacterium vectors
- L13 ANSWER 17 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI GENETIC TRANSFORMATION OF POTATO SOLANUM-TUBEROSUM AN EFFICIENT METHOD TO OBTAIN TRANSGENIC PLANTS.
- L13 ANSWER 18 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Genetic transformation of potato (Solanum tuberosum): an efficient method to obtain transgenic plants
- L13 ANSWER 19 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Method and plasmid for high-efficiency transformation of and foreign gene expression in plants

- L13 ANSWER 20 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 11

 TI Agrobacterium-transformed tomato cells replace the hormone requirement for growth of tomato leaf protoplasts
- L13 ANSWER 21 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 12
 TI In vitro transformation of petunia cells by an improved method of cocultivation with A. tumefaciens strains

=> d 20 ab

L13 ANSWER 20 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 11 The abilities of 3 cloned Lycopersicon pennellii cell lines, transformed by an octopine strain of A. tumefaciens A6, to replace the hormonal requirement for growth of nontransformed L. esculentum leaf protoplasts was studied. By employing a new protoplast feeder assay system, variability in the transformed phenotypes of the 3 lines was detected which was not evident in any assay of callus growth. At high enough densities, all 3 lines completely replaced the auxin and cytokinin requirements for growth of nontransformed L. esculentum cells. One transformed line, however, replaced the hormonal requirements of nontransformed cells at a much lower cell d. than the other 2 lines. Apparently, the differing abilities of the 3 tumor lines to substitute for hormones reflect differences in the activities of the auxin and cytokinin-synthesizing systems in the individual lines. With the feeder cell assay, clonal heterogeneity in transformed phenotypes can be quant. measured to provide a new means to examine the physiol. alterations initiated by the incorporation of T-DNA into a plant cell genome. Under the conditions described, high frequency division of nontransformed L. esculentum protoplasts can be obtained in the absence of exogenously supplied hormones.

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L14 1 SPIRODELA AND 8717
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L14 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with Agrobacterium tumefaciens

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L14 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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=> s 8717 and (duckweed or lemnaceae)
             1 8717 AND (DUCKWEED OR LEMNACEAE)
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L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     Methods for the genetic transformation of Lemnaceae with
     Agrobacterium tumefaciens
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NEWS 23
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NEWS 24
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NEWS 26
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NEWS 27
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- TI A nontransformable Triticum monococcum monocotyledonous culture produces the potent Agrobacterium vir-inducing compound ethyl ferulate.
- L1 ANSWER 2 OF 9 AGRICOLA
- TI Characterization of Agrobacterium tumefaciens virulence proteins induced by the plant factor acetosyringone.
- L1 ANSWER 3 OF 9 AGRICOLA
- TI Analysis of Agrobacterium tumefaciens virulence mutants in leaf discs.
- L1 ANSWER 4 OF 9 AGRICOLA
- TI Site-specific Nick in the T-DNA border sequence as a result of Agrobacterium vir gene expression.
- L1 ANSWER 5 OF 9 AGRICOLA
- TI Identification of the signal molecules produced by wounded plant cells that activate T-DNA transfer in Agrobacterium tumefaciens.
- L1 ANSWER 6 OF 9 AGRICOLA
- TI A gene essential for Agrobacterium virulence is homologous to a family of positive regulatory loci.
- L1 ANSWER 7 OF 9 AGRICOLA